Critical Support



Helping Teens Cope with Grief

On balance, most people find that change provides stimuli for growth, and the losses are more than offset by the opportunities change can bring.



What exactly is a traumatic event?

Coping with grief is a complex issue that almost everyone will have to face at one time or another. For teenagers (who are already dealing with a confusing and challenging period in their physical and emotional development), grief can be especially difficult to come to terms with.

Firstly, what is grief? It's the pain and hurt we feel when someone or something we love is lost. Grief can make us feel afraid, sad, angry, confused, inquisitive, tired, and even relieved.

Just like with adults, grief for a teen is a normal and understandable reaction to loss. And again, just like with adults, teen grief is unique to each individual. Everyone grieves in their own way, for their own reasons, for their own amount of time.



How to help child survivors:

Just like with adults, grief for a teen is a normal and understandable reaction to loss. And again, just like with adults, teen grief is unique to each individual. Everyone grieves in their own way, for their own reasons, for their own amount of time.

We generally associate grief with the death of a person close to us, but almost any form of loss can cause grief:

- Loss of a pet.
- A friend moving to another city.
- A sibling moving out of the family home.
- Selling the family home and moving away.

These examples may not seem as severe and tragic as the death of a loved one, but for a teen they may feel almost as devastating and equally traumatic.

After a loss, a teen is likely to go through the five stages of grief as outline by Elisabeth Kübler-Ross and David Kessler.

Denial... refusal to believe it actually happened.

Anger... the need to be mad at/ blame someone or something.

Bargaining ... a collection of "If only..." or

"What if ..." thoughts.

Depression ... intense sadness that seems like it may never end.

Acceptance ... this is not "feeling OK", it's finally coming to terms with the reality of the situation.



But how can you actually help a teen who's going through the grieving process?

These simple steps may help make their journey a little smoother:

- Reassure them that it's okay to grieve and to express their feelings, both emotional and physical. Grief is not something that needs to be avoided or ashamed of. Helping teens realize this may empower them to identify and address their grief reactions.
- Be a good listener. As much as they may withdraw into themselves, there may be times where your teen really wants to talk. Try to be as "present" as you can. Let them talk for as long as they're happy to do so.
- Be patient with them. No one knows how long their grief will last. Grief doesn't have a timetable. Allow it to run its course without the pressure that they "should be over it by now." The grieving process may bring some unpredictable behavior and emotions to the surface. As long as the behavior isn't destructive, be as supportive and non-judgmental as you can. If their behavior does become destructive, talk to them and gently try to steer them back to a more positive path. If necessary, seeking professional help may be advisable.
- Be aware that certain dates or events may act as triggers to intensify their grief e.g., birthdays, anniversaries, holidays, prom, graduation, etc. Prepare yourself for the heightened emotion those days may bring.
- Be ready for anything! Allow your teen to grieve in their own unique way but be prepared for the fact that their mood and/or behavior may change day to day, and possibly even hour to hour!

Communication, patience, and understanding are the keys to helping a teen through what may be the first major life setback they've ever experienced. The more you understand what they're going through, the more you will be able to offer them the comfort and support they need.



Critical support when you need it

Visit **optumeap.com/criticalsupportcenter** for additional critical support resources and information.

Optum

This program should not be used for emergency or urgent care needs. In an emergency, call 911 or go to the nearest emergency room. This program is not a substitute for a doctor's or professional's care. Consult with your clinician for specific health care needs, treatment or medication. Due to the potential for a conflict of interest, legal consultation will not be provided on issues that may involve legal action against Optum or its affiliates, or any entity through which the caller is receiving these services directly or indirectly (e.g., employer or health plan). This program and its components may not be available in all states or for all group sizes and is subject to change. Coverage exclusions and limitations may apply.

Optum* is a registered trademark of Optum, Inc. in the U.S. and other jurisdictions. All other brand or product names are trademarks or registered marks or the property of their respective owners. Optum is an equal opportunity employer.