Critical support

Tips for caregivers on preparing children for change

Understanding that change can be difficult for people of all ages, here are some tips for helping the children in your care prepare for what's next.

Care for the caregiver

First things first, take stock of how you – the caregiver – are feeling about changes in your daily routine. Whether it's going to the office or children headed to nursery or school, it's important to get yourself into a healthy head and heart space for the change. This is for your own health and well-being, and also because children take behavioural cues from the adults that they rely on. So, take care of yourself – get enough sleep, move your body, find time to relax etc. so that you can approach the situation as positively as possible.

That doesn't mean that you need to mask what you're thinking and feeling. It's OK, for example, to acknowledge that you feel sad or anxious. But do so briefly and in a calm manner, while also making sure that you communicate the benefits of the change for you and those in your care. The benefits will depend on your individual circumstances, but could include getting to spend time with friends, learning new things, taking part in fun activities and the like. For older children, it might also help them to understand the realities of why the change is necessary, whether that be for financial welfare, personal fulfilment or whatever other reasons may apply.



Once you're ready and set to go, you can begin taking steps to help the children in your care prepare for what's to come.

For very small children who may never have been out of the family fold or don't remember much about it, it can be helpful to take baby steps to help them grow comfortable. For example, if their schedule will change, begin practising and role-playing it. Meaning that if they will need to wake up, eat breakfast and be out the door by a certain time, steadily get them into the new schedule. It can also be helpful to help young children understand the new schedule by role-playing waking up, getting ready, eating breakfast and leaving the home, for example, with toys or through stories.

Older children also should be conditioned to their new schedule and routine in advance. Talk them through the schedule changes that they'll face and start taking actions to get them used to the new routine, including initiating any new bed and wake-up times.

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It's also helpful to introduce children to new caregiver(s) or teacher(s) or re-familiarise them with previous ones in advance, if possible. You also can help them get comfortable by showing them where they will be, how they'll get there and how they'll get home. Meaning that if possible, walk or drive them through the new routine so that they understand it or show them through photographs that you find online. Especially if they need to take steps on their own, such as catching a bus or walking to school, practise the route with them until you and they feel confident that they know their way.

Also, if possible, set up play or hang-out dates with the friends that they may have not seen in a while. Or, if they'll be attending a new school or nursery experience, consider getting in touch with the caregivers of other children that they'll be seeing in class to set up fun get-togethers. Reconnecting with friends or becoming familiar with potential new friends in advance can help them look forward with more enthusiasm and comfort knowing that they'll see a friendly face upon arrival. (You also will likely feel more comfortable about the situation.)



Help children grow accustomed to the change. For example, if your child will be attending nursery or starting a new school and is used to being with you nearby day and night, take short leaves of absence. Maybe start by having a friend or relative stay with them while you run a quick errand and build from there. This can help them get used to the idea of you being gone and help them feel confident that you'll return as expected. When you part ways, keep your goodbyes positive, calm and short – the less of a big deal you make of it, the less of a big deal it will likely seem to the children in your care.

If and when the children in your care do talk about how they're feeling about the upcoming transition, make sure that you listen patiently. Try not to dismiss or marginalise their feelings. Also, bear in mind that they may have mixed feelings about the change of events. For instance, they might be looking forward to seeing friends or re-engaging in certain activities, but they also might feel sad about missing you, scared about going to a nursery or school, or something else.

For children who cannot or are reluctant to verbalise their emotions, take note of their behaviour. Especially young children who are feeling anxious or afraid may become clingier and fussier. Older children's behaviour might also shift, such as by becoming more withdrawn or more animated than their usual selves, or exhibiting regressive behaviours, such as acting younger or needier.

In all cases, try to help them work through what they're thinking and feeling. For example, if they're scared or anxious, guide them to help them remember other times that they felt like that, what they did to get through it, how they got through it and what they learnt from it. This will help build their confidence in themselves and nurture their overall resilience.



When the time comes, follow suit with all that you've prepared for and practised. Barring unforeseen circumstances, stick as closely as possible to the routine that you've shared with the children in your care. Then, look forward to building on your initial "launch" and doing it all over again the next day and the next.

As time passes, the change in routine will become familiar and comfortable. And, hopefully, sooner than later, you can all look back and rest assured that once again, you successfully made it through yet another transition.

If you need a little more support, contact your Emotional Wellbeing Solutions – a modern and flexible employee assistance programme (EAP)

Critical support when you need it

Visit <u>optumwellbeing.com/criticalsupportcenter</u> for additional critical support resources and information.

Sources

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